



**T H E O F F I C I A L**  
**2007 HURRICANE**  
**SURVIVAL GUIDE**  
**FRANKLIN · GADSDEN · JEFFERSON · LIBERTY · LEON · MADISON · TAYLOR · WAKULLA**  
**FOR THE CAPITAL AREA**

**THIS GUIDE IS PROVIDED AS A COMMUNITY SERVICE BY THE  
CAPITAL AREA CHAPTER AMERICAN RED CROSS AND THE APALACHEE REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL  
SERVING FRANKLIN, GADSDEN, JEFFERSON, LIBERTY, LEON, MADISON, TAYLOR AND WAKULLA COUNTIES.**

# KNOW THE FACTS HAVE A PLAN:

Hurricanes are one of nature's most serious and dangerous threats. The recent Atlantic hurricane seasons were the busiest on record with a total of 8 hurricanes and 2 tropical storms impacting Florida in a 13-month span. We have seen the devastating impact that violent storms like Hurricane Katrina can have on communities. Experts are predicting an active season this year. Weather experts say it's not a matter of IF another hurricane will hit the Capital Area region, but WHEN. That is why it is important to be prepared. The 2006 Hurricane Survival Guide for the Capital Area will provide you with the critical information you need to protect yourself, your family, and your property. You can also visit [www.cacarc.org](http://www.cacarc.org) for more information or contact your local emergency management office. (See back of guide).



## IF YOU DECIDE TO STAY

### PLAN TO STAY IF...

- You live in a structure that is built after 1973 when Florida adopted a standard building code.
- You do not live in a manufactured or mobile home.
- Your home is not vulnerable to storm surge or inland flooding.
- You have reduced the threat of falling trees by trimming and/or removing dead, dying or diseased trees.
- You have mitigated the effects of severe winds on your home by installing hurricane shutters on windows and bracing your garage door.
- You have prepared a multi-hazard Disaster Response Plan for yourself, your family and your pets.
- You have prepared a Disaster Survival Kit that includes cash, two weeks supply of food, water and one month's supply of prescription medicines.
- You have identified a Safe Room within your home.
- You have a battery-powered radio and/or TV with extra batteries.

## IF YOU DECIDE TO GO

### PLAN TO GO IF...

- An evacuation order has been issued.
- You live in a structure that was built prior to 1973 when Florida adopted a standard building code.
- You do live in a manufactured or mobile home.
- Your home is vulnerable to storm surge or inland flooding.
- You can leave early enough to meet estimated regional clearance times. It is very dangerous to be on the highway during a storm.

## BEFORE THE STORM

- Obtain a 2-week supply of nonperishable foods.
- Fill your vehicle's gas tank and check oil, water and tires. Remember, gas pumps don't work without electricity.
- Report any stormwater ditches that may be blocked or over-grown.
- Have a plan for you, your family, and your pets. If you own or run a business, encourage your employees to have a plan.
- Make a survival kit, including a battery-powered radio.
- Review your homeowner's or renter's insurance policies, and consider purchasing flood insurance if you reside in a flood-prone area.
- Identify a safe area in your home – an interior room, closet, hallway, or bathroom on the lowest floor.
- Remove anything in your yard that could become windborne.
- Inventory, document, and photograph items in your residence or business.
- Cover all windows and doors, especially patio doors, with securely fastened, impact-resistant shutters.
- Protect your property by bracing double entry and garage doors.
- Purchase materials such as plywood and plastic sheeting.
- Refill prescriptions. Maintain at least a one-month supply during hurricane season.

## AS IT APPROACHES

- Turn off electricity if flood waters threaten your property.
- Turn off major appliances, such as the air conditioner and water heater, if you lose power.
- Listen to weather updates on TV or radio.
- If loss of electricity occurs, listen on a battery-powered radio.

## AFTER THE STORM

- Monitor local radio and TV for recovery activities.
- Be prepared to live without power, normal access to water, food, or any of the services you rely on regularly.
- Use a generator but be sure to keep the generator outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Avoid driving. Debris in roadways is a safety hazard.
- Don't touch downed utility wires.
- Use grills outdoors.
- Use your telephone only for emergencies so lines can remain open for emergency communications.
- Assess and photograph damages to your property.
- Make temporary repairs to your roof, walls or windows to make your home safer and minimize further damage. Hire a licensed contractor to do permanent repairs. Contact your insurance company.
- If widespread flooding occurs, you may have to disinfect any tap water by boiling it first, or by adding chlorine bleach (8 drops per gallon), before consuming it.
- Report damage to your home or business on-line by visiting [www.cacarc.org](http://www.cacarc.org). This will allow response and recovery agencies to evaluate the extent of the damage faster.
- Make sure you have valid photo identification with your current local address.

## BEFORE THE STORM

- Identify a friend, relative or a hotel/motel in a safe area where you can stay if ordered to evacuate. An American Red Cross Shelter should be used as a last resort.
- Don't wait until the last minute. Expect congested roadways. Plan on leaving at least 24 to 36 hours in advance of the storm making landfall, or when the evacuation order is issued.
- Have a plan for you, your family, and your pets. If you own or run a business, encourage your employees to have a plan.
- Make a survival kit, including a battery-powered radio.
- Review your homeowner's or renter's insurance policies, and consider purchasing flood insurance if you reside in a flood prone area.
- Inventory, document, and photograph items in your residence or business.
- Cover all windows and doors, especially patio doors, with securely fastened, impact-resistant shutters.
- Purchase materials such as plywood and plastic sheeting.
- Refill prescriptions. Maintain at least a one-month supply during hurricane season.
- **Register with your county emergency management agency if you cannot make arrangements for transportation or other special assistance due to age, disability, or other special need.**

## AS IT APPROACHES

- Bring your survival kit.
- Take important papers with you.
- Lock windows and doors.
- Turn off electricity at the main breaker.
- Place valuable items in your empty appliances, such as a washer, dryer, oven, or microwave.
- Place plastic bags over TV's, computers, and other electronics.
- Remove anything in your yard that could become windborne.
- Listen to weather updates on TV or radio.
- Protect your property by bracing double entry and garage doors.

## AFTER THE STORM

- Stay tuned to your radio or TV for additional information.
- Be aware that you may not be able to return to your home until search and rescue operations are complete and downed trees and power lines have been cleared.
- Make temporary repairs to your roof, walls or windows to make your home safer and minimize further damage. Hire a licensed contractor to do permanent repairs. Contact your insurance company.
- Assess and photograph damages to your property.
- Report damage to your home or business on-line by visiting [www.cacarc.org](http://www.cacarc.org). This will allow response and recovery agencies to evaluate the extent of the damage faster.
- Make sure you have valid photo identification with your current local address.

# USE THESE GUIDELINES TO HELP

## ▶ PLAN TO LEAVE IF

You live in a Mobile Home.

**MOBILE HOMES MUST EVACUATE!**

## ▶ PLAN TO LEAVE IF

You live on the Coastline.

## ▶ PLAN TO LEAVE IF

You live near a River or Flood Plain.



# IF YOU DECIDE TO STAY

## TIPS

- Avoid rooms with windows or glass doors.
- Don't trust rumors. Stay tuned to local radio and TV for information.
- Consider offering your home as shelter to friends or relatives who live in vulnerable areas or mobile homes.
- Get cash. Banks may not be open and ATM's won't work without electricity.
- Identify a safe area in your home - an interior, reinforced room, closet or bathroom on the lowest floor.
- Home health care or home-bound patients should see additional information on interior pages.

## CLEAN-UP PRECAUTIONS

- Call professionals to remove large, uprooted trees, etc.
- Always use proper safety equipment such as heavy gloves, safety goggles, heavy boots, light-colored long-sleeve shirts and long pants.
- Tie back long hair and wear a hat and sunscreen.
- Drink plenty of fluids, rest, and ask for help when you need it.
- Lift with your legs, not with your back.
- Don't burn trash.
- If you can't identify something, don't touch it.
- Be especially wary of downed electrical wires.
- Be extremely careful with a chainsaw - don't use it for the first time to clear your yard, and always heed safety warnings.

# DEVELOP YOUR HURRICANE PLAN:

## PLAN TO STAY IF...

- You live in a structure that was built after 1973 when Florida adopted a standard building code.
- You do not live in a manufactured or mobile home.
- Your home is not vulnerable to storm surge or inland flooding.
- You have reduced the threat of falling trees by trimming and/or removing dead, dying or diseased trees.
- You have mitigated the effects of severe winds on your home by installing hurricane shutters on windows and bracing your garage door.
- You have prepared a multi-hazard Disaster Response Plan for yourself, your family, and your pets.
- You have prepared a Disaster Survival Kit that includes cash, two weeks' supply of food, water and one month's supply of prescription medicines.
- You have identified a Safe Room within your home.
- You have a battery-powered radio and/or TV with extra batteries.

## ACTION PLAN IF YOU STAY

- Have you reviewed your insurance policies?  
 Yes  No
- Have you posted emergency telephone numbers by your phones and made sure your children know how and when to call 9-1-1?  
 Yes  No
- Where is the safest room or the safest area in your home for each hurricane hazard?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Have you designated a meeting place if separated from family members?  Yes  No  
Where: \_\_\_\_\_
- What are you going to do with your pets?  Send to Vet  Keep in House  Other
- If your electricity goes out, how are you going to get weather updates?  
 Generator  Battery-powered Radio  Other
- Who is your emergency contact in case something happens?  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_
- If you do not have a generator, list neighbors who have one:  
\_\_\_\_\_
- List neighbors who have emergency medical training/knowledge.  
\_\_\_\_\_

## SURVIVAL KIT IF YOU STAY:

### GROCERIES

- Canned meats, fruits & vegetables, drinks
- Crackers
- Ice
- Drinking water – *two gallons per person per day for 2 weeks*

### OTHER ITEMS

- Gas-operated generator.
- Battery-operated radio and batteries
- Cash – *Banks may be closed and loss of power will make ATM's and credit cards useless.*
- 1 month supply of prescription medicines
- Nonelectric can opener
- 2 week supply of nonperishable foods/special dietary foods
- Flashlights & extra batteries
- Cell phone, car charger & 2 charged batteries
- First aid kit
- 2 coolers – *1 for ice, 1 for food*
- Charcoal/LP gas grills
- Plastic tarp for roof or window repair
- Tools, including nails
- Diapers, bottles, and formula for infants
- Cleaning supplies
- Paper products – *toilet paper, paper towels, and pre-moistened towelettes*
- Toys, books, and games
- Mosquito repellent
- Water purification kit (chlorine)
- Camera/film/batteries
- Protective mask for air pollution



## IF YOU DECIDE TO

# GO

### ▶ **PRE-REGISTER**

Register with your county emergency management agency if you cannot make arrangements for transportation or other special assistance due to age, disability, or other special need.

▶ **IMPORTANT:** Buses and other transportation will not be available once weather conditions reach tropical storm or hurricane warning levels.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY**  
**(850) 653-8977**

**GADSDEN COUNTY**  
**(850) 875-8642**

**JEFFERSON COUNTY**  
**(850) 342-0211**

**LEON COUNTY**  
**(850) 488-5921**

**LIBERTY COUNTY**  
**(850) 643-2339**

**MADISON COUNTY**  
**(850) 973-3698**

**TAYLOR COUNTY**  
**(850) 838-3575**

**WAKULLA COUNTY**  
**(850) 926-0860**

### TIPS

- Identify a friend, family member, or hotel/motel out of the area where you can stay for an extended period of time.
- Don't wait until the last minute to evacuate.
- Be patient. Don't return to the disaster area until you have received official word that it is safe.

### PETS SURVIVAL KIT

- Proper ID collar and rabies tag/license\*
- Carrier or cage
- Leash
- Ample food supply (at least two weeks)
- Water/food bowls
- Any necessary medication(s)
- Specific care instructions
- Newspaper, cat litter, scoop, plastic trash bags for handling waste
- Proper ID on all belongings
- Nonelectric can opener

\* *Make sure your pets have had all their shots within the past 12 months. Kennels and veterinary offices will require proof of vaccinations.*

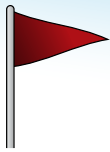
### IF YOU MUST EVACUATE

- Take important papers with you, including your driver's license, special medical information, insurance policies, and property inventories.
- Let friends and relatives know where you are going.
- Make sure your neighbors have a safe ride.
- Lock windows and doors.
- Turn off electricity at the main breaker.



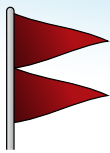
# PLANNING FOR SAFETY

## FLAGS WHAT THEY MEAN:



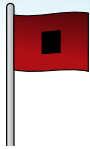
### SMALL CRAFT ADVISORY

**Winds:**  
18-33 knots  
28-38 mph



### GALE WARNING

**Winds:**  
34-47 knots  
39-54 mph



### STORM WARNING

**Winds:**  
48-63 knots  
55-73 mph



### HURRICANE WARNING

**Winds:**  
64+ knots  
74+ mph

## THE SAFFIR-SIMPSON HURRICANE SCALE

The Saffir-Simpson Hurricane Scale is a 1-5 rating based on the hurricane's intensity. This is used to give an estimate of the potential property damage and flooding expected along the coast from a hurricane landfall. Wind speed is the determining factor in the scale, as storm surge values are highly dependent on the slope of the continental shelf and the shape of the coastline, in the landfall region.

### CATEGORY ONE

**Winds 74-95 mph.** Storm surge generally 4-5 ft above normal. No severe damage to building structures. Primary damage to mobile homes, shrubbery and trees, and some coastal flooding.

### CATEGORY TWO

**Winds 96-110 mph.** Storm surge generally 6-8 ft above normal. Some roofing material, door, and window damage of buildings. Considerable damage to shrubbery and trees with some trees blown down. Considerable damage to mobile homes, poorly constructed signs, and piers.

### CATEGORY THREE

**Winds 111-130 mph.** Storm surge generally 9-12 ft above normal. Some structural damage to small residences and utility buildings with a minor amount of curtainwall failures. Mobile homes and poorly constructed signs are destroyed.

### CATEGORY FOUR

**Winds 131-155 mph.** Storm surge generally 13-18 ft above normal. More extensive curtainwall failures with some complete roof structure failures on small residences. Shrubs, trees, and all signs are blown down. Complete destruction of mobile homes.

### CATEGORY FIVE

**Winds greater than 155 mph.** Storm surge generally greater than 18 ft above normal. Complete roof failure on many residences and industrial buildings. Some complete building failures with small utility buildings blown over or away. All shrubs, trees, and signs blown down. Complete destruction of mobile homes. Severe and extensive window and door damage.

## HURRICANE NAMES FOR 2007

Andrea  
Barry  
Chantal

Dean  
Erin  
Felix

Gabrielle  
Humberto  
Ingrid

Jerry  
Karen  
Lorenzo

Melissa  
Noel  
Olga

Pablo  
Rebekah  
Sebastien

Tanya  
Van  
Wendy

# EVACUATION ORDER

The most important instruction you will receive from local government officials, relayed over radio and television stations, is an evacuation order. Once issued, an evacuation order is mandatory under law in the state of Florida. If you live in a mobile home or an area ordered to evacuate, gather your survival kit and leave immediately. If you live in a safe area, secure your home and be prepared to stay. Because of long evacuation times and the unpredictability of hurricanes, you may be ordered to leave before a hurricane watch or warning is issued.



**Prepare and plan for long evacuation times.**



## RESIDENTS OF MOBILE HOMES MUST LEAVE!

A Category 1 hurricane, with winds of 74 to 95 mph, can rip apart a mobile home. The National Hurricane Center reports that no mobile home or manufactured home - no matter how new it is - can be a safe shelter from hurricane force winds. Also, tornadoes can spin off from hurricanes. Straps or other tie-downs will not protect a mobile home from high winds associated with a hurricane.

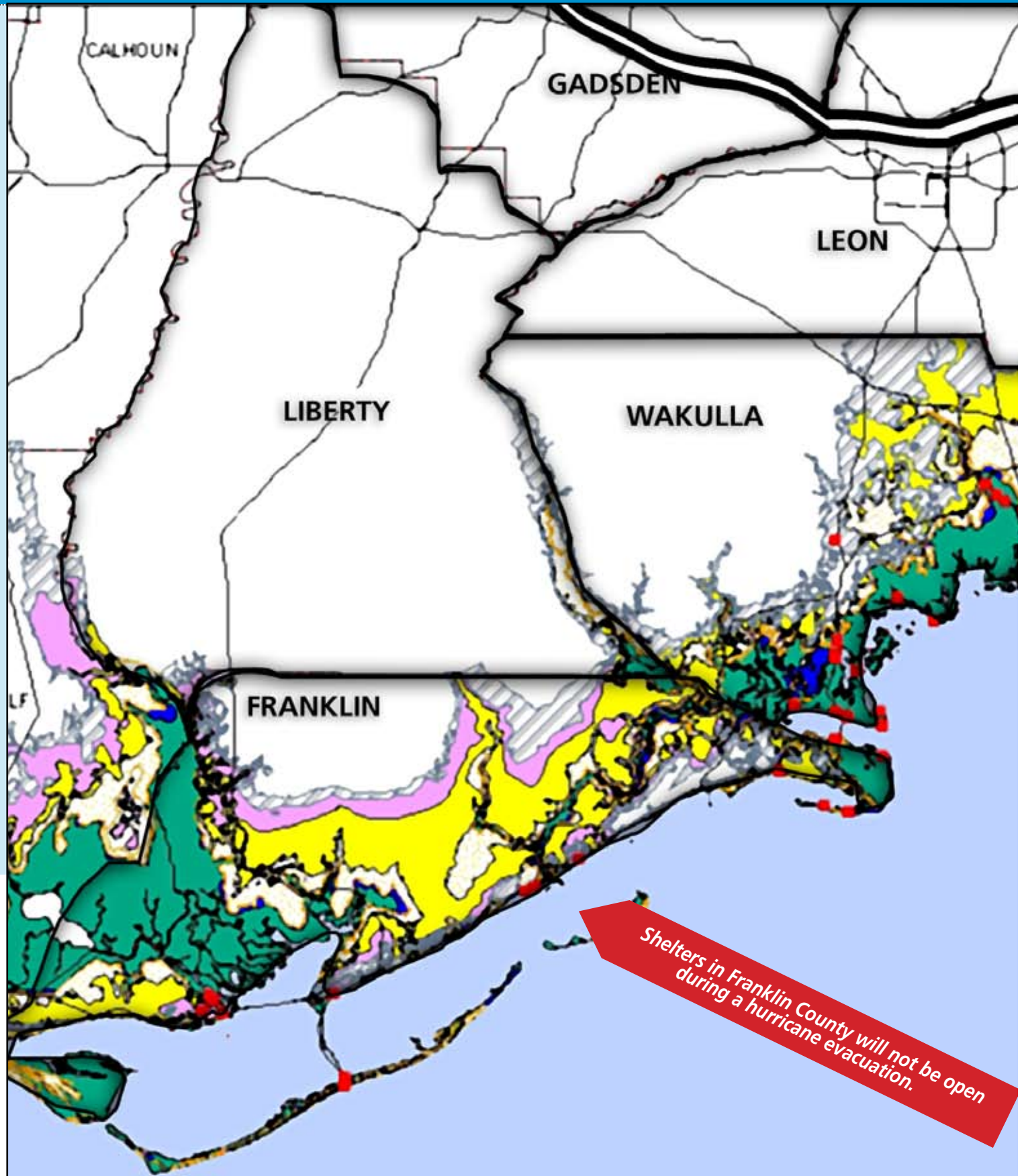
If a hurricane threatens the Capital Area, all mobile home residents will be required to evacuate. If you must evacuate and do not have access to transportation, due to age, disability, or other special needs, you should register now with your local Emergency Management Agency.



**In 1992, 97% of all manufactured homes in Hurricane Andrew's path in Dade County, were destroyed, compared to 11% of single-family, non-manufactured homes.\***

*\*Source HUD.*

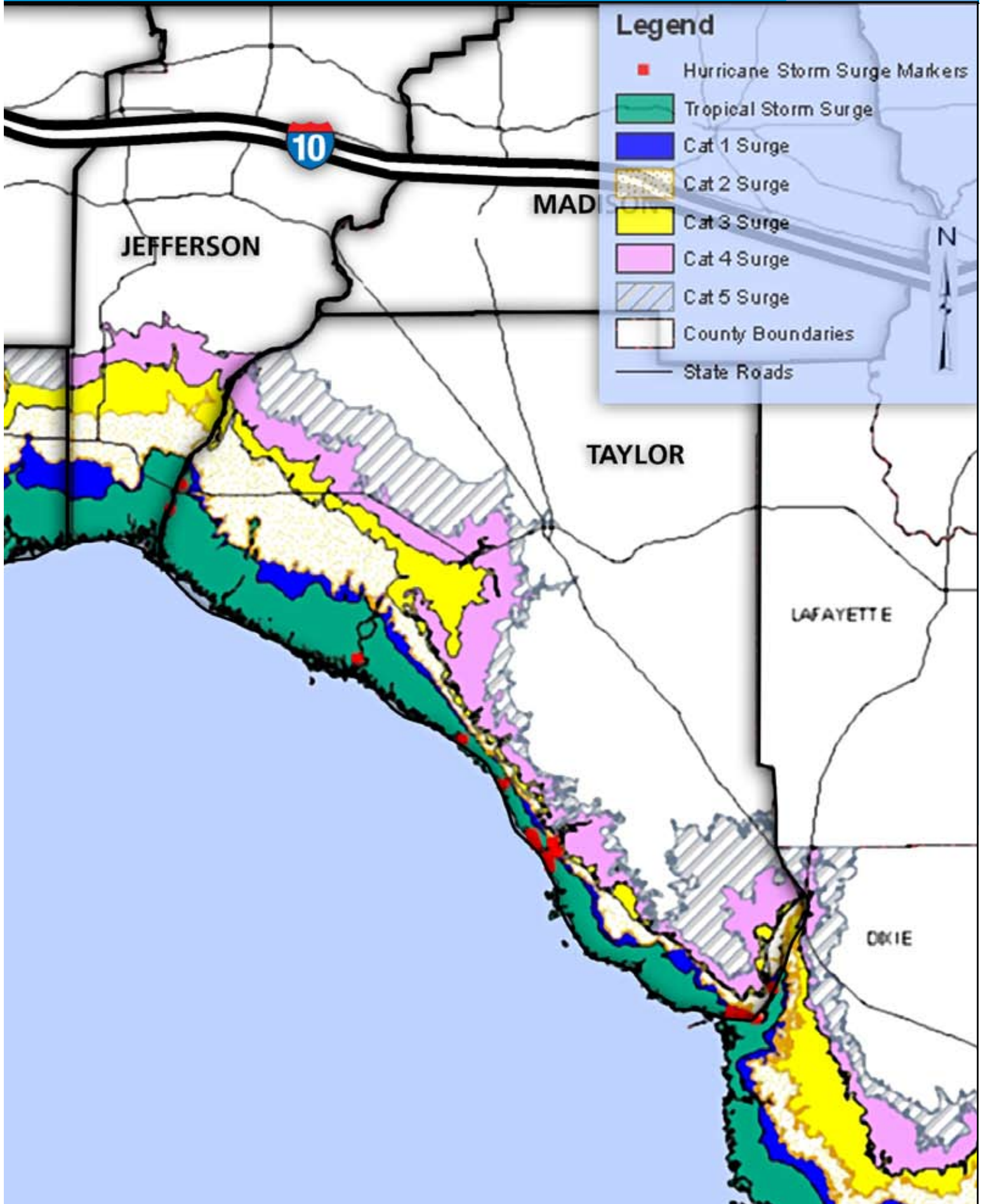
# COASTAL EVACUATION AREAS FOR THE CAPITAL AREA



>>> SHELTER INFORMATION HOTLINE: \* ARC or 850-894-6741 <<<

WHEN SEVERE WEATHER IMPACTS OUR AREA, THE CAPITAL AREA CHAPTER OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS OPENS SEVERAL SHELTERS THROUGHOUT THE REGION. CALL THE RED CROSS SHELTER INFORMATION HOTLINE AT \*ARC FROM YOUR MOBILE PHONE, 850-894-6741, OR VISIT [WWW.CACARC.ORG](http://WWW.CACARC.ORG).

STAY TUNED TO LOCAL MEDIA OUTLETS FOR CRITICAL EVACUATION INSTRUCTIONS.



# RED CROSS SHELTERS BY COUNTY



## LEON COUNTY

1

Lawton Chiles High School,  
7200 Thomasville Rd.

2

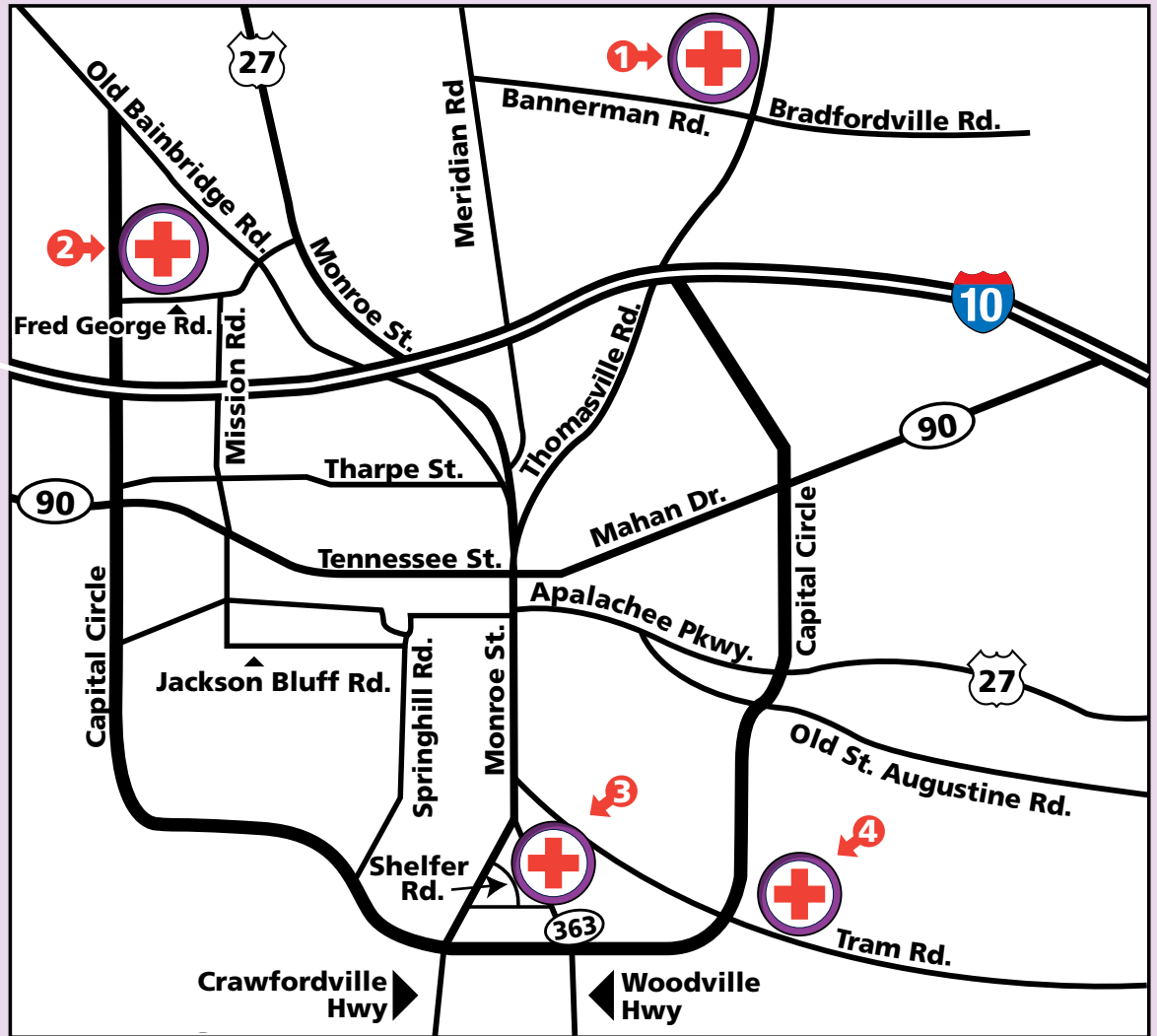
Springwood Elementary School,  
3801 Fred George Rd.

3

Oak Ridge Elementary School,  
4350 Schaffer Rd.

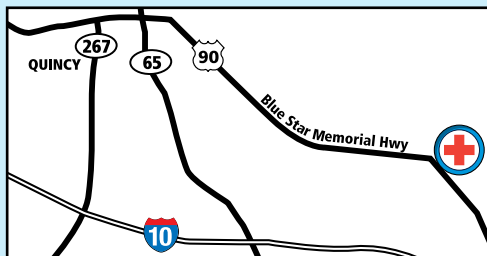
4

Florida High School,  
3000 Schoolhouse Rd.



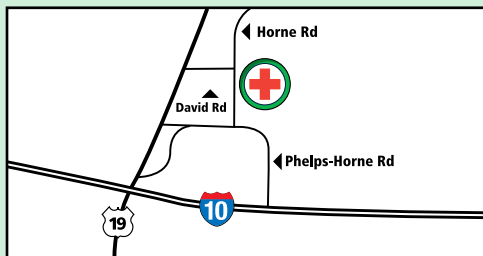
## GADSDEN COUNTY

East Gadsden High School, 27001 Blue Star Memorial Hwy, Midway



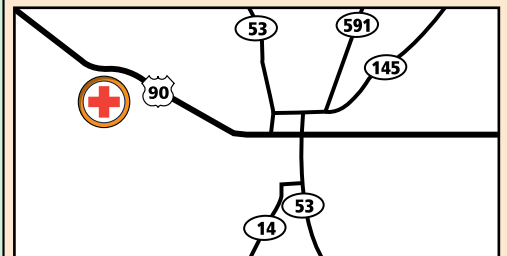
## JEFFERSON COUNTY

Jefferson High School, 50 David Rd., Monticello



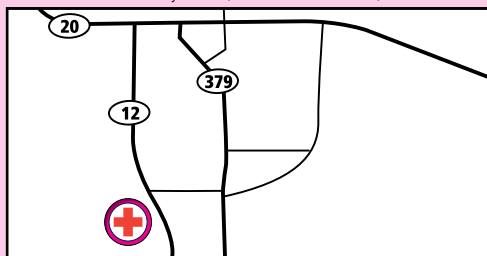
## MADISON COUNTY

Madison Central School, 2093 W. US Hwy 90, Madison



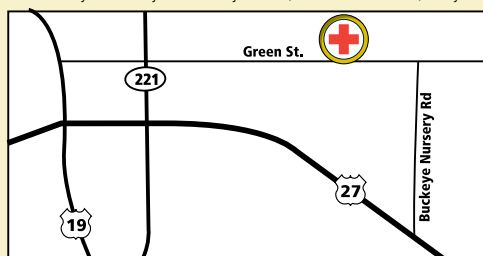
## LIBERTY COUNTY

Toler Elementary School, 14745 NW Ct Rd 12, Bristol



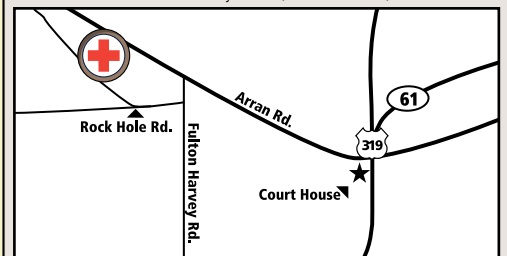
## TAYLOR COUNTY

Taylor County Elementary School, 1600 E. Green St., Perry



## WAKULLA COUNTY

Crawfordville Elementary School, 379 Arran Rd., Crawfordville



# COASTAL SPECIFIC HAZARDS



## STORM SURGE

- The greatest potential for loss of life associated with a hurricane is from storm surge, which historically claims 9 of 10 lives.
- Storm surge can increase the mean water level 22 feet or more.
- Capital Area coastal counties can expect significant storm surges that will affect inland communities.



## WIND

- Even minimal hurricane force winds will impact an area many miles inland from where the storm makes landfall.
- Winds associated with hurricanes and tornadoes can destroy homes, trees and power lines.
- Flying debris, including signs, roofing material, siding, and unsecured objects, can become flying missiles.



## FLOODING

- Most coastal damage caused by hurricanes is the result of flooding from giant waves driven by the hurricane winds.
- If you are caught in the house by the suddenly rising flood waters, move to the second floor or to the roof and wait for help.
- Purchase flood insurance. Damage to your home and its contents is not covered by homeowner's insurance.

# INLAND SPECIFIC HAZARDS



## WIND

- Even minimal hurricane force winds will impact an area many miles inland from where the storm makes landfall.
- Winds associated with hurricanes and tornadoes can destroy homes, trees and power lines.
- Flying debris, including signs, roofing material, siding, and unsecured objects, can become flying missiles.



## FLOODING

- Flash flooding is associated with hurricanes and tropical storms. The tons of water the storm picked up over the ocean will be released as the storm moves inland.
- If driving, and you encounter a flooded road, turn around and go another way. NEVER drive through flooded roadways!
- If the vehicle stalls, leave it immediately and seek higher ground.
- Purchase flood insurance. Damage to your home and its contents is not covered by homeowner's insurance.



## DOWNED POWER LINES

- Assume all downed power lines are energized.
- Contact your utility provider to report downed power lines.
- Do not connect generators directly to your home as it will energize the lines and injure or kill your neighbors or utility workers.



## PROTECT YOUR BUSINESS

- Have a plan for your employees and their families.
- Establish a phone tree process to communicate before and after the storm.
- Have your business inspected by a licensed professional to know the vulnerabilities to flooding and hurricane force winds.
- Consider obtaining special insurance coverage, including business interruption insurance.
- Have your business appraised at least every five years.
- Back up your data or store it at an alternate site.
- Make provisions for alternate communications and electricity.
- Register for disaster resistant training for businesses with the Capital Area Chapter of the American Red Cross.



## PROTECT YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD

- When disaster strikes, your neighborhood may be isolated from the rest of the community.
- You and your neighbors may have to pull together and help each other. Do you and your neighbors have a plan?

The Capital Area Chapter of the American Red Cross provides training on preparing a disaster resistant neighborhood. During the training, participants can work within their neighborhood group as they undertake coordination of activities such as neighborhood planning and preparedness, threat assessment, needs assessment, debris removal and damage assessment. Visit [www.cacarc.org](http://www.cacarc.org) for more information.



## PROTECT YOUR PETS

- Proper ID collar and rabies tag/license\*
  - Carrier or cage
  - Leash
  - Ample food supply (at least two weeks)
  - Water/ food bowls
  - Any necessary medication(s)
  - Specific care instructions
  - Newspaper, cat litter, scoop, plastic trash bags for handling waste
  - Proper ID on all belongings
  - Nonelectric can opener
- \* Make sure your pets have had all their shots within the past 12 months.

# HOME HEALTH CARE AND HOME BOUND PATIENTS

- Notify your health agency where you will be during a hurricane and when care can be re-established.
- If you are home bound and under the care of a physician, but not a home health agency, contact your physician.
- If you require respirators or other electric-dependent medical equipment, you should make prior medical arrangements with your physician.
- If you require oxygen, check with your supplier about emergency plans.
- If you evacuate, remember to take medications, written instructions regarding your care, special equipment and bedding with you.
- If you need assistance in an evacuation, please register NOW with your county emergency management agency.

# INFORMATION FOR THE ELDERLY AND CITIZENS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

- If you live in a nursing home or assisted living facility, contact your administrator to learn about the evacuation plan for that facility.
- If you require respirators, oxygen, or other electric medical equipment, make arrangements with your medical provider NOW.
- If you need transportation or specialized assistance during an evacuation, REGISTER NOW with your county emergency management agency. Contact information can be found on the back of this guide.
- If you are evacuating and under the care of a physician, please notify your health agency of your new location.

# HOW YOU CAN HELP

When disaster strikes, volunteers play a critical role in recovery efforts and providing needed relief to victims. Consider becoming an American Red Cross Disaster Services Volunteer.

Employees with the State of Florida, Leon County, and Tallahassee are eligible for 15 days of disaster leave by becoming an American Red Cross Disaster Services Volunteer.

For more information visit [www.cacarc.org](http://www.cacarc.org) or in Tallahassee, call (850) 878-6080; or, contact the American Red Cross Office in your area:

- Apalachicola, (850) 653-3952
- Bristol, (850) 643-2339
- Quincy, (850) 627-6890
- Perry, (850) 584-6663
- Monticello, (850) 342-0211



# FOR MORE INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE, CONTACT:

## **CAPITAL AREA CHAPTER, AMERICAN RED CROSS**

**(850) 878-6080**

[www.cacarc.org](http://www.cacarc.org)

## **FRANKLIN COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

APALACHICOLA

**(850) 653-8977**

[www.cacarc.org/franklin](http://www.cacarc.org/franklin)

## **GADSDEN COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

QUINCY

**(850) 875-8642**

[www.cacarc.org/gadsden](http://www.cacarc.org/gadsden)

## **JEFFERSON COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

MONTICELLO

**(850) 342-0211**

[www.cacarc.org/jefferson](http://www.cacarc.org/jefferson)

## **LEON COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

TALLAHASSEE

**(850) 488-5921**

[www.lcso.leonfl.org/em.html](http://www.lcso.leonfl.org/em.html)

[www.haveahurricaneplan.com](http://www.haveahurricaneplan.com)

## **LIBERTY COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

BRISTOL

**(850) 643-2339**

[www.cacarc.org/liberty](http://www.cacarc.org/liberty)

## **MADISON COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

MADISON

**(850) 973-3698**

[www.cacarc.org/madison](http://www.cacarc.org/madison)

## **TAYLOR COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

PERRY

**(850) 838-3575**

[www.perryfl.com/tcem](http://www.perryfl.com/tcem)

## **WAKULLA COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT**

CRAWFORDVILLE

**(850) 926-0861**

[www.cacarc.org/wakulla](http://www.cacarc.org/wakulla)

The Hurricane Survival Guide partners would like to thank the Leon County Board of County Commissioners for the continued support of the 2007 Survival Guide.